6 years old-girl, large angiomatous plaque spreading over the chest
Past history of lymphangioma in the same place treated with intra-lesional injection of Picibanil° (group A streptococcus pyogenes of human origin) with a good efficiency one year ago.
What is your diagnosis?
Retiform hemangioendothelioma showing some features of Dabska’s tumor
Retiform hemangioendothelioma

- Low-grade cutaneous vascular tumor
- With prominent rete testis-like slit-like vessels in an arborizing pattern
- It affects young and middle-age adults predominantly
- With a predilection for the limbs and the trunk
- But has also, but rarely, been described in children
### Vascular anomalies in children

**Vascular Tumors**

- Infantile hemangioma
- Congenital hemangiomas (*NICH and RICH*)
- Tufted angioma
- Kaposiform hemangioendothelioma
- Spindle cell hemangioma
- Others, rare (*Dabskas's T.., retiform hemangioendothelioma*)

**Vascular Malformations**

#### Slow- flow Vascular Malformation

- Capillary Malformation (CM)
  - Port-wine stain
  - Telangiectasia
  - Angiokeratoma
- Venous Malformation (VM)
  - Common sporadic VM
  - Bean syndrome
  - Familial cutaneous and mucosal VM
  - Glomuvenous malformation
  - Maffucci syndrome
- Lymphatic malformation (LM)

#### Fast- flow Vascular Malformation

- Arterial Malformation (AM)
- Arteriovenous fistula
- Arteriovenous malformation (AVM)

#### Complex-combined vascular malformations

- CVM, CLM, LVM, CLVM, AVM-LM, CM-AVM
Dabska’s tumour

- Very rare, child
- Head, neck, extremities
- Low grade (borderline) angiosarcoma
- Of a lymphatic origin?
- “Papillary IntraLymphatic Angioendothelioma”: PILA
The onset of a retiform HE in the site of previous lymphangioma is unusual.
But has already been described in Dabska’s tumor.
There could be an overlap and relationship between these 2 lesions.
Wide excision is advised.

MERCI!!